

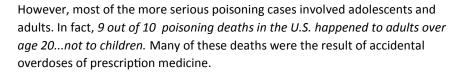
Blue Ridge Poison Center — 2018 At A Glance

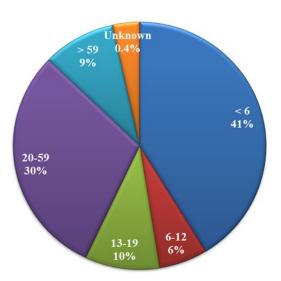
Poisoning is a leading cause of injury hospitalization and injury death in the U.S. ¹ In 2018, the Blue Ridge Poison Center (BRPC) handled over *21,000 calls* about people coming into contact with harmful substances. An additional 2,300 people called the BRPC to ask a question or get information. All callers were helped by our team of experts—nurses and doctors with extensive training in treating poisonings—who manage the **PoisonHelp Hotline** 24 hours a day, every single day. Calls are free and confidential. Program the number into your phone today! **1-800-222-1222**.



CHART: AGES OF PATIENTS

Children under age 6 were responsible for the most calls—41%. Why so many? Young children are at risk for poisoning because they don't know the difference between things that are safe to eat or drink and things that are harmful. Their natural curiosity may lead them to touch or swallow substances which can hurt them.





TOP 12 SUBSTANCESAll Ages	CASES
Analgesics (pain relievers)	2,359
Antidepressants	1,462
Cleaning substances	1,429
Cosmetics & Personal Care Products	1,333
Sedative/Hypnotic/Antipsychotics	1,322
Cardiovascular drugs	1,116
Antihistamines	991
Alcohols	913
Anticonvulsants	737
Foreign bodies	709
Stimulants/Street drugs	706
Pesticides	643











WHAT SUBSTANCES WERE INVOLVED?

Sixty percent of poisoning exposure calls were about medicines, including prescription drugs, over-the-counter medicines, and supplements (such as vitamins or herbal products). Medicine poisoning can happen when someone takes too much, takes the wrong product by mistake, takes medicine not prescribed for them, or takes the wrong combination of products.

The remaining 40% of exposure calls were about non-medicine substances. Most of these substances were products commonly found in and around our homes such as pesticides, cleaning products, alcohol, automotive products, etc. Nearly 2% of exposure calls (n=340) were about bites and stings from venomous snakes, bees, spiders, etc.

A leading cause of exposures for children under age 6 was cosmetics and personal care products. Examples include mouthwash, make up, skin creams, hair care products, perfume, etc. Adults may unintentionally leave these products on bathroom counters, kitchen tables, in diaper bags or purses, under cabinets, or other places easily accessible by children.

WHO CALLED THE BLUE RIDGE POISON CENTER?

Most calls —64%—came from the home of someone living within our region. Twenty-nine percent of our calls came from hospitals, clinics, first responders, pharmacies, and other health care providers seeking our expert advice on managing their own poisoned patients. A small fraction of our calls (7%) came from a school, workplace, or other location.



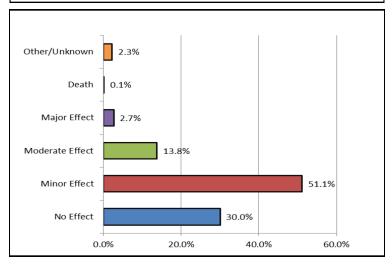
Counties in white are served by the BRPC

OUTCOMES: WHAT HAPPENED TO OUR CALLERS?

With guidance from our experts, 81% of callers with confirmed exposures experienced no or minor health effects. Helping callers treat their exposure on site saves time, worry, and money by preventing unnecessary trips to a healthcare facility.

When our experts determined that a poisoning did need medical attention, they referred the caller to a nearby healthcare facility and helped monitor that patient, providing advice as requested to the health care professionals, until the case was resolved.

Residence Workplace Healthcare Facilities/Professionals Ambulances/EMT/Hazmat /Police Other



EDUCATION AND OUTREACH

Poisoning is preventable! The Blue Ridge Poison Center has a full time health educator who provides public education materials and programs to teach poisoning prevention for people of all ages in the BRPC region. Examples of our 2017 education and outreach accomplishments include:



- Routinely shared poisoning prevention news and tips through Twitter, Facebook, and our website.
- Released 4 issues of The Antidote, our free newsletter.
- Gave 23 live presentations and recorded 2 webinars which were available online.
- Distributed over 163,500 free items including magnets, wallet cards, and posters.
- BRPC clinicians helped teach more than 150 medical personnel-in-training about managing poisoning exposures.
- The BRPC partnered with many agencies and groups including Lead Safe Virginia, Old Rag Master Naturalists, the Critical Incident Analysis Group, the Virginia Department of Health, and the Suicide Prevention Awareness Resources Council (SPARC).

¹ 10 Leading Causes of Injury Deaths by Age Group Highlighting Unintentional Injury Deaths, United States – 2015. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Injury Prevention and Control. Accessed July 2017 from https://www.cdc.gov/injury/wisgars/LeadingCauses.html