Single-cell mass cytometry adapted to measurements of the cell cycle









Cytometry

Journal of the International Society for Advancement of Cytometry

Illuminate: a single light source Ultimate goal: quantification Mass cytometry: creating a new paradigm



Cell cycle analysis by mass cytometry

- Method for cell cycle analysis
 - Markers of cell cycle phases
 - S-phase
 - G0
 - G1, G2, M
 - Validation with cycling T Cells
- System-level analysis of cell cycle in normal and malignant hematopoiesis
 - SPADE clustering
 - 35 parameter analysis of normal bone marrow cell cycle
 - Application to hematologic malignancies

Mass cytometry DNA staining



(pentamethylcyclopentadienyl)-Ir(III)-dipyridophenazine





IdU incorporates rapidly into S-phase cells



IdU incorporates rapidly into S-phase cells





IdU incorporates rapidly into S-phase cells





-Andrew Hughes, Gene Ther Mol Biol., 2006; 10:41







Uridine





Uridine

Cell cycle assessment is robust and consistent across multiple cell types



Cell cycle assessment is robust and consistent across multiple cell types



Phosphorylated Rb (S807/S811) discriminates G0 and G1 phase cells



The same cell cycle markers can be used for fluorescence cytometry



Fluorescence Cytometry

Fluorescent cytometry





Mass cytometry

Fluorescent cytometry





Fluorescent cytometry





Mass cytometry



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Panel for analysis of cell cycle in human marrow

| ANTIGEN | CONJUGATE | CLONE | CONCENTRATION | MANUFACTURER |
|--------------------|---------------|----------|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| Mass cytometry | | | | |
| CD3 | In-113 | UCHT1 | 1.5 μg/mL | Biolegend |
| CD45 | In-115 | H130 | 1.5 μg/mL | Biolegend |
| CD45RA | La-139 | Hl100 | $1 \mu g/mL$ | Biolegend |
| CD133 | Pr-141 | AC133 | $2 \mu g/mL$ | Militeney |
| CD19 | Nd-142 | H1B19 | $1 \mu g/mL$ | BD Biosciences |
| CD71 | Nd-143 | R17217 | 2 μg/mL | eBiosciences |
| CD11b | Nd-144 | ICRF44 | 2 μg/mL | Biolegend |
| CD4 | Nd-145 | RPA-T4 | 2 μg/mL | Biolegend |
| CD8 | Nd-146 | RPA-T8 | $1 \mu g/mL$ | Biolegend |
| CD20 | Sm-147 | 2H7 | $1 \mu g/mL$ | BD Biosciences |
| CD34 | Nd-148 | 8G12 | $2 \mu g/mL$ | BD Biosciences |
| CD90 | Sm-149 | 5E10 | 2 μg/mL | Biolegend |
| CD117 | Nd-150 | 104D2 | 0.5 µg/mL | Biolegend |
| CD123 | Eu-151 | 9f5 | 2 μg/mL | BD Biosciences |
| CD235 | Sm-152 | HIR2 | 0.5 µg/mL | Biolegend |
| HLA-DR | Eu-153 | L243 | 2 μg/mL | Biolegend |
| Cyclin A | Sm-154 | BF683 | 2 μg/mL | BD Biosciences |
| Cyclin B1 | Gd-156 Dy-164 | GNS-1 | $2 \mu g/mL$ | BD Biosciences |
| CD33 | Gd-158 | WM53 | 1.5 μg/mL | Biolegend |
| CD38 | Tb-159 | HIT2 | 1 μg/mL | Biolegend |
| CD14 | Gd-160 | M5E2 | 2 μg/mL | Biolegend |
| CD7 | Dy-162 | M-T701 | $0.5 \mu \text{g/mL}$ | BD Biosciences |
| CD15 | Dy-164 | W6D3 | 0.5 μg/mL | Biolegend |
| p-pRb (S807/811) | Ho-165 | J112-906 | 0.5 μg/mL | BD Biosciences |
| Ki-67 | Er-167 | B56 | 1 μg/mL | BD Biosciences |
| CD13 | Er-168 | L138 | 2 μg/mL | BD Biosciences |
| p-CDK1(Y15) | Tm-169 | 10A11 | $2 \mu g/mL$ | Cell Signaling Technology |
| CD56 | Er-170 | HCD56 | 2 μg/mL | Biolegend |
| cleaved-PARP(D214) | Yb-171 | F21-852 | 1 μg/mL | BD Biosciences |
| p-RPS6(S235/36) | Yb-172 | N7-548 | 1 μg/mL | BD Biosciences |
| CD10 | Yb-174 | Hl10a | $4 \mu g/mL$ | Biolegend |
| CD16 | Lu-175 | 3G8 | $2 \mu g/mL$ | Biolegend |
| p-Histone H3(S28) | Yb-176 Er-168 | HTA28 | $0.5 \mu g/mL$ | Biolegend |

Biaxial plots are not a scalable solution



Parameters: 32 Plots: 496

Sean Bendall, Erin Simonds. Science, May 2011



SPADE: Spanning-tree Progression Analysis of Density-normalized Events – Peng Qiu

1. Determine Tree Structure



2. Overlay regions with surface marker expression levels









Mature Monocytes





B cell proliferation is concentrated in pre-BII population

Normal Human Bone Marrow Colored for CD45

Erythroid cell proliferation is concentrated in erythroblast population

Myelocyte proliferation peaks at early promyelocyte stage

Normal Human Bone Marrow Colored for CD45

= 67%

SPADE analysis allows for identification of distinct AML immunophenotypes

Normal human bone marrow Clustered alongside AML samples Colored for CD45 Cell cycle distribution varies across the immunophenotypic subsets within each AML sample

AML5

AML9

S

Conclusions

- Validated methodology for using mass cytometry to asses cell cycle state in combination with high-parameter immunophenotypic analysis
- System-wide analysis of proliferation across normal human hematopoiesis
- The ability to combine cell cycle state with multiple other variables in the monitoring of cellular responses at the single-cell level
- We intend to use this methodology to characterize the cell cycle within complex human cancer samples

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