Cubital Tunnel Release Anterior Subcutaneous Transposition Rehabilitation Guidelines

Phase 1 Precautions: Maintain postoperative splint for 10-14 days after surgery. Avoid lifting, pushing, pulling or forceful gripping with the surgical arm.

Phase 1: Starts after Surgery	Emphasis on	Orthosis	Exercise
1-2 weeks	Protection Keep the postoperative splint clean and dry Minimize swelling Prevent finger stiffness and loss of motion for the unaffected joints Avoid upper quadrant pain from holding arm in a guarded position	Postoperative elbow (wrist may be included) splint A sling may be used when out in the community, removing at home to allow for elevation and therapeutic exercises	Elevation NWB of the surgical upper extremity Movement of unaffected joints throughout the day Suggested Therapeutic Exercise • Finger flexion and extension AROM and AAROM for tendon glides • Active finger ABD/ADD, assisted by lacing fingers with contralatera hand • If postoperative splint allows, gentle, short-arc AROM wrist • If not contraindicated by a non related shoulder dysfunction: active and active assisted shoulde range of motion through full available motion, glenohumeral ER with scapular retraction • Forward and backward shoulder circles moving the scapula on the thorax • Abdominal breaths/deep breathing Encourage staying active throughout the day as able, good sleep hygiene and good hydration and nutritional intake

Please scan QR code for the UVA school of Medicine website where you can find additional protocols.



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Phase 2 Precautions: Avoid lifting, pushing, pulling or forceful gripping with the surgical arm. No resistance strengthening until 6 weeks post op.

Phase 2	Emphasis on	Orthosis	Exercise
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2-6 weeks	Postoperative care:	None required	Soft tissue mobilization through the
	2-week postoperative	Padded elbow sleeve as	neural anatomic pathway
	appointment with the	needed	Education: posture positioning and areas
	surgical team for wound	liceueu	of possible nerve compression and
	assessment and suture	compression sleeve and/or	traction
	removal	glove prn	Suggested Therapoutic Eversice
	Balance relative rest		Suggested Therapeutic Exercise
	with appropriate		AROM Finger Tendon glides with
	amounts of therapeutic		emphasis on intrinsic flexion
	activity for recovery		 Thumb flexion/extension, radial and palmar abduction, opposition to the tip of each finger Emphasis on finger ABD/ADD
	Restore range of motion		
	Address compensatory		
	movement/guarding		Dexterity and hand manipulation
	patterns including		activities
	position of posture		AROM wrist 4-way
	Restore dexterity		AROM forearm
	Nerve mobilization		pronation/supination
	through gliding exercises		AROM elbow flexion and
			extension
	Soft tissue mobility		 Move the shoulder through full available motion
	through the neural		Gentle, pain-free cervical ROM
	anatomic pathway		Ulnar nerve glides
	Scar management		_
	Desensitization		Scar management activities
			Desensitization activities if
			hypersensitive at the surgical site

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Phase 3 Precautions: <u>Avoid pain when strengthening</u> and when progressing ADL's and functional use of the surgical hand. Continue nerve glides.						
Phase 3	Emphasis on	Orthosis	Exercise			
6-12 weeks	Begin gradual strengthening for functional activities Continue neural mobilization Encourage progressive functional use of the surgical hand	None required Padded elbow sleeve as needed	Continue previous soft tissue mobilization and education as needed Suggested Therapeutic Exercise Progressive upper quarter flexibility including thoracic spine, scapula on thorax mobility Progressive strengthening of the upper quarter as tolerated Continued dexterity and hand manipulation activities if dexterity deficits persists Intrinsic strengthening Scapular stabilization and rotator cuff strengthening Address dysfunctional posture positioning and movement patterns Continue ulnar nerve glides Progress ADL's, allowing pain to guide activity Scar management activities including myofascial mobilization			

Note: These instructions are to serve as guidelines and are subject to physician discretion. Actual progress may be faster or slower depending on the individual. Return to work and sport/recreation per surgeon discretion.

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