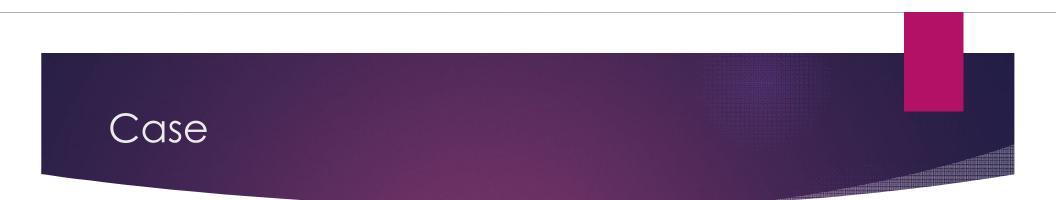
# Rad-Path Presentation

HENRY ELLISON 10/5/2018



- ▶ 69 yo F PMHx of ESRD, DM, HTN, and a renal transplant in 2010
- Presented with an AKI, Cr 5 from a baseline of 2.5
- ► Tacro level sub therapeutic
- Unresolving after a few days, decision to pursue biopsy to assess for rejection



- US guided non focal biopsy of transplanted kidney
- Conscious sedation with fentanyl, midazolam, local lidocaine
- Technically successful study, 3 core biopsies taken

### Types of Rejection

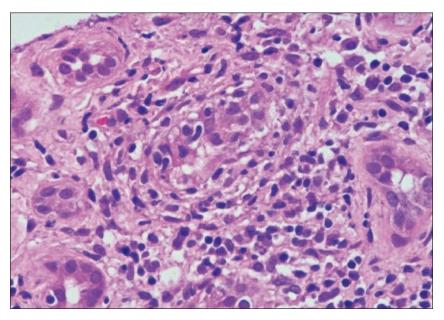
#### ► Hyperacute

- > Tissue rejected within minutes to hours due to rapid vascular destruction
- Humorally mediated, preformed antibodies
- Acute
  - Acute Cellular
    - Mediated by host lymphocytes activated against donor antigens
  - Acute Humoral
    - Mediated by antibodies, complement system
- Chronic
  - Develops months-years post transplant
  - Characterized broadly by fibrosis and scarring

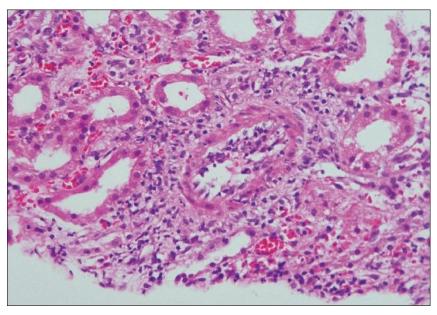
#### **Banff Classification**

- Schema and classification of renal allograft pathology
- First published in 1993, regularly updated since
- Assesses different renal compartments (interstitium, tubules, arteries, etc.) and assigns grades based on degree of rejection





Severe tubulitis (†3)



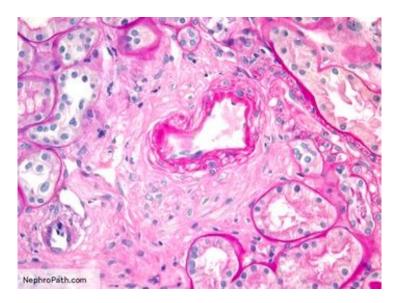
Intimal arteritis (v2)



- ▶ Glomerulitis: g2 Glomerulitis in 25-75% of glomeruli.
- Total inflammation including subcapsular zone, fibrotic and perivascular areas: ti3 >50% of interstitium inflamed.
- ▶ Tubulitis: t2 Foci of tubulitis with 5 -10 mononuclear cells per tubular cross section.
- ▶ Intimal arteritis with lymphocytes beneath the endothelium: v0 No intimal arteritis.
- Peritubular capillaritis: ptc3 More than 10% inflamed peritubular capillaries, with >10 luminal inflammatory cells.
- ► Interstitial fibrosis: ci3 Severe interstitial fibrosis involving >50% of cortex.
- ► Tubular atrophy: ct3 Tubular atrophy in >50% of cortical tubules.
- Vascular fibrous intimal thickening, including breached internal elastic lamina and foam cells: cv1 Mild vascular intimal sclerosis with narrowing of up to 25% vascular luminal area.

## Diagnosis

- Acute Antibody Mediated rejection, Banff Grade II
- Acute Cell Mediated Rejection, Banff Grade IA
- Diabetic Glomerulosclerosis, Moderate



#### References

- http://www.pathologyoutlines.com/topic/kidneydiabetes.html
- http://www.pathologyoutlines.com/topic/kidneybanff.html
- https://emedicine.medscape.com/article/432209-overview#a5
- Bhowmik, D. M. et al. "The Evolution of the Banff Classification Schema for Diagnosing Renal Allograft Rejection and Its Implications for Clinicians." Indian Journal of Nephrology 20.1 (2010): 2–8. PMC. Web. 4 Oct. 2018.